## Homework 1

## COSC-2010

Due: F 9/29 @ 11:59 PM EST

You must upload a PDF document to Canvas. Feel free to use pencil and paper to do this homework. If you do, please do not submit a PDF document containing high-resolution digital photographs. Use a PDF scanner such as GeniusScan to produce black-and-white scans for a PDF document.

- 1. Write the algorithm enqueue that inserts an item at the back of a queue. Use an array as the queue's internal representation. Derive f(n) and O(g(n)).
- 2. Write the algorithm dequeue that removes the item at the front of a queue. Use an array as the queue's internal representation. Derive f(n) and O(g(n)).
- 3. Write the algorithm remove that removes and returns the *i*th item in an unsorted list. Use an array as the list's internal representation. Assume that the *i*th element in the list is stored in the *i*th component of the array. What is the worst case? Derive f(n) and O(g(n)).
- 4. Write the algorithm remove that removes and returns the *i*th item in an sorted list. Use an array as the list's internal representation. Assume that the *i*th element in the list is stored in the *i*th component of the array. What is the worst case? Derive f(n) and O(g(n)).
- 5. Write the iterative algorithm remove that removes and returns a specified object in a sorted list. Use an array as the list's internal representation. What is the worst case? Derive f(n) and O(g(n)).
- 6. Consider BUBBLE-SORT (Cormen et al., 2009, p. 40):
  - 1: **procedure** BUBBLE-SORT(A)

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2: for i = 1 to A.length - 1 do

3: for j = A.length downto i + 1 do

4: if A[j] < A[j - 1] then

5: exchange A[j] with A[j - 1]

6: end if

7: end for

8: end for
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9: end procedure
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(a) What is the best case? Explain why.

- (b) What is the worst case? Explain why.
- (c) Derive expressions for the number of primitive operations for each step of BUBBLE-SORT.
- (d) Derive f(n) for the worst case.
- (e) Derive  $\Theta(g(n))$ , O(g(n)), and  $\Omega(g(n))$ . State the constants for these running times.
- (f) Compute f(n), c'g(n), and c''g(n) for  $1 \le n \le 5$ .
- (g) Plot f(n), c'g(n), and c''g(n).

## References

T. H. Cormen, C. E. Leiserson, R. L. Rivest, and C. Stein. *Introduction to Algorithms*. MIT Press, Cambridge, MA, 3rd edition, 2009.